

2024

MATHEMATICS — HONOURS

Paper : SEC-3

(Linear Programming and Rectangular Games)

Full Marks : 75

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.**Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.*

Group – A

1. Answer **any five** questions :

3×5

(a) Solve graphically the LPP :

$$\text{Maximize } Z = 5x_1 - 2x_2$$

$$\text{subject to } 5x_1 + 6x_2 \geq 30$$

$$9x_1 - 2x_2 = 72$$

$$x_2 \leq 9, x_1, x_2 \geq 0$$

Hence, identify the redundant equation, if there be any.

(b) Define convex set. Show that the set $X = \{(x, y) \in E^2 : xy \leq 1, x \geq 0, y \geq 0\}$ is not a convex set.(c) What are the extreme points of the convex set $X = \{(x, y) \mid |x| \leq 1, |y| \leq 1\}$? Give an example of a convex set which has no extreme point.

(d) For the system of equations

$$2x_1 - x_2 + 3x_3 = 3$$

$$-6x_1 + 3x_2 + 7x_3 = -9$$

show that $(2, 1, 0)$ is not basic though it is feasible solution. Reduce the feasible solution to a basic feasible solution.

(e) Find a basic feasible solution of the system of equations :

$$x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 = 4$$

$$2x_1 + x_2 + 5x_3 = 5$$

(f) Find the dual of the following linear programming problem :

$$\text{Maximize } Z = 3x_1 + 2x_2$$

$$\text{subject to } 2x_1 + x_2 \leq 5$$

$$x_1 + x_2 \leq 3$$

$$x_1, x_2 \geq 0$$

Please Turn Over

(1577)

(g) Find an initial basic feasible solution, by North-West method, of the following transportation problem :

	1	2	3	4	
X	4	2	5	3	6
Y	5	4	3	2	13
Z	1	4	6	5	9
	7	8	5	8	

(h) For what value of p , the game with the following pay-off matrix is strictly determinable?

	Player B		
Player A	p	5	2
	-1	p	-8
	-2	3	p

Group – B

2. Answer **any five** questions :

(a) A company produces two types of leather belts, say type A and type B. Belt A is of a superior quality and belt B is of an inferior quality. Profits on the two types of belts are rupees 5 and rupees 4 per belt respectively. Each belt of type A requires twice as much time as required by a belt of type B. If all belts are of type B, the company could produce 1000 belts per day. Belt A requires a fancy buckle and only 400 buckles are available for this per day. For belts of type B only 700 buckles are available per day. Formulate the above problem as a linear programming problem. 6

(b) Solve graphically :

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Maximize } Z &= 100x_1 + 50x_2 \\ \text{subject to } 4x_1 + 6x_2 &\leq 24 \\ x_1 &\leq 4 \\ x_2 &\leq \frac{4}{3}, \quad x_1, x_2 \geq 0. \end{aligned}$$

Is there any degeneracy in the problem? Justify your answer. 3+3

(c) Prove that x_1 and x_3 cannot be simultaneously considered as the basic variables of the set of equations :

$$\begin{aligned} 2x_1 + x_2 - x_3 + 4x_4 &= 6 \\ 6x_1 + 3x_2 - 3x_3 + x_4 &= 10 \end{aligned}$$

Find all the basic solutions with x_1 as one basic variable. 6

(d) Prove that every basic feasible solution to a linear programming problem corresponds to an extreme point of the convex set of feasible solutions. 6

(e) Solve the following linear programming problem by simplex method : 6

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Minimize } Z &= x_1 - 3x_2 + 2x_3 \\ \text{subject to } 2x_1 + 3x_2 - x_3 &\leq 7 \\ 4x_3 - 2x_2 &\leq 12 \\ 8x_1 - 4x_2 + 3x_3 &\leq 10 \\ x_1 \geq 0, x_2 \geq 0, x_3 &\geq 0. \end{aligned}$$

- (f) Use Charnes Big M-method to show that the following LPP has unbounded solution : 6

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Maximize } Z &= 2x_1 + 3x_2 + x_3 \\ \text{subject to } -3x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3 &= 8 \\ -3x_1 + 4x_2 + 2x_3 &= 7 \\ x_1, x_2, x_3 &\geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

- (g) Using Two-Phase Simplex method, show that the following LPP has no feasible solution : 6

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Maximize } Z &= 5x + 3y \\ \text{subject to } 3x + 4y &\geq 12 \\ 2x + y &\leq 1, x, y \geq 0. \end{aligned}$$

- (h) Show that the following LPP has unbounded solution : 6

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Maximize } Z &= -2x_1 + 5x_2 \\ \text{subject to } 4x_1 - 5x_2 &\geq -20 \\ x_1 + x_2 &\geq 10 \\ x_2 &\geq 2 \\ x_1, x_2 &\geq 0. \end{aligned}$$

Group – C

3. Answer *any five* questions :

- (a) Find the dual of the following linear programming problem. Hence, prove that the dual has no optimal solution. 6

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Minimize } Z &= 3x_1 - 5x_2 + x_3 \\ \text{subject to } x_1 - 2x_3 &\geq 4 \\ 2x_1 - x_2 + x_3 &\geq 2 \\ x_1 \geq 0, x_2 \geq 0, x_3 &\geq 0. \end{aligned}$$

- (b) Suppose that a constraint in a given LPP is an equality. Prove that corresponding dual variable is unrestricted in sign. 6

- (c) Solve the following transportation problem :

	D_1	D_2	D_3	D_4	a_i
O_1	5	3	6	4	30
O_2	3	4	7	8	15
O_3	9	6	5	8	15
b_j	10	25	18	7	

Is the solution unique?

5+1

Please Turn Over

(d) Solve the assignment problem with the following cost matrix :

6

	M_1	M_2	M_3	M_4	M_5
I	9	8	7	6	4
II	5	7	5	6	8
III	8	7	6	3	5
IV	8	5	4	9	3
V	6	7	6	8	5

(e) Solve the following travelling salesman problem :

6

		To			
		A	B	C	D
From	A	α	46	16	40
	B	41	α	50	40
	C	82	32	α	60
	D	40	40	36	α

(f) Reduce the following game to 2×2 game by dominance property and then solve it.

6

	B_1	B_2	B_3	B_4
A_1	3	2	4	0
A_2	3	4	2	4
A_3	4	2	4	0
A_4	0	4	0	8

(g) Solve the following 4×2 game graphically :

6

		Player B	
Player A		1	-3
		3	5
		-1	6
		4	1
		2	2
		-5	0

(h) Solve the following game by linear programming technique :

6

		B		
A		3	-1	-3
		-3	3	-1
		-4	-3	3